## **Table of Contents**

Last update: 2016/06/11 14:08  $fester 112: smart\_email\ https://www.familybrown.org/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=fester 112: smart\_email\ \&rev=1465654113$ 

## Configuration Of The FreeNAS SMART Monitoring Service

I would recommend you set up email notifications before configuring this.

Go to the "Services" Page.

Account	System	Tasks	Network	Storage	Directory	Sharing (	Services	Plugins	Jails R	eporting	Wizard
System Information	General	Boot	Advanced	Email	System Data	set Tunables	Update	CAs	Certificates	Support	
System I	nformatio	on									
Hostname		E	dit								
Build	FreeN	IAS-9.10-R	ELEASE (2def	9c8)							
Platform	Intel(	R) Xeon(R)	CPU E5-2620	v3 @ 2.40	)GHz						
Memory	1624	8MB									
System Ti	me										
Uptime											
Load Ave	rage 0.00,	0.06, 0.13									

Now click on the small spanner icon next to the "S.M.A.R.T." service (1).

A window should now pop up.

In the window leave the "Check interval:" set at its default value of 30 minutes (2).

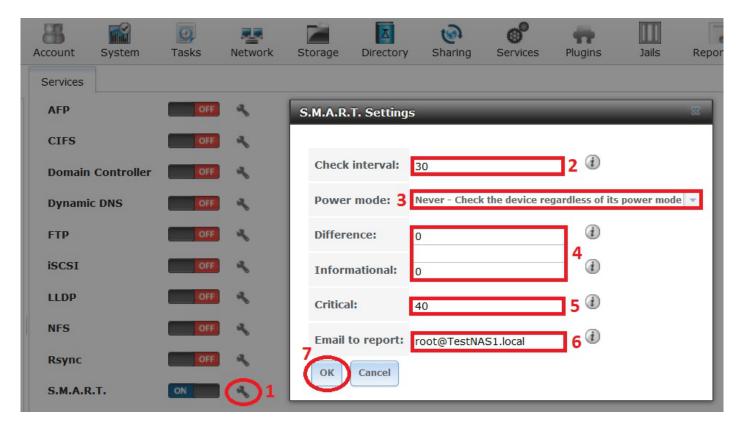
Fester sets the "Power mode:" drop down selection box to **Never** (3). This will ensure that the drives are checked no matter what their status.

Leave the "Difference:" and "Informational:" text boxes at their default value of 0 (4).

Now set the drive temperature warning threshold called "Critical:" by putting the desired value into the corresponding text box (5). Any figures placed here are in degrees Celsius (Fester favours a figure of 50° C, but the prevailing view among active members of the FreeNAS forums is 40° C). If any of the drives being monitored reaches or exceeds the temperature stated in the text box then the server will issue a warning.

Now enter in the "Email to report:" text box (6) the internal email address of the user the SMART monitor service is to alert (in Fester's case this is root@TestNAS1.local).

## Then click the "OK" button (7).



The final thing is to test it works.

Go back into the SMART service configuration window by clicking on that small spanner icon again.

In the "Critical:" text box (5) enter a value that is way below the ambient temperature of the room in which the server is situated (Fester suggests about 1° C should do it).

Now click the "OK" button and wait.

Due to the fact that the temperature of the HDDs in the server will be higher than the threshold we have set, a warning email should be triggered. When you get the email you know the service is working.

Be sure to return the value in the "Critical:" text box (5) to a more appropriate value when you are done.

